PENDING CLAIMS AS AMENDED

Please amend the claims as follows:

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1. (Cancelled)

2 (Currently Amended) The apparatus of Claim 1 An apparatus for determining likelihood values of input data bits from a plurality of code symbols and a plurality of pilot symbols, comprising:

a memory element; and

a processor configured to execute a set of instructions stored in the memory element, the set of instructions for:

determining a gain vector relating the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols in accordance with channel characteristics; and

using the gain vector to determine likelihood values of a designated code symbol, wherein the input data bits are carried by the designated code symbol,

wherein using the gain vector to determine likelihood values of a designated code symbol comprises:

defining the likelihood values of the designated code symbol as a log likelihood ratio Λ_k in accordance with the following equation:

$$\Lambda_k = \log \frac{\max_{\overrightarrow{\theta}, \{d_{\pi(j)}: j \in J - \{k\}\}} p_{\overrightarrow{\theta}}(\{x_j, y_j: j \in J \mid j' \in J'\} \Big| d_{\pi(k)} = +1, \{d_{\pi(j)}: j \in J - \{k\}\})}{\max_{\overrightarrow{\theta}, \{d_{\pi(j)}: j \in J - \{k\}\}} p_{\overrightarrow{\theta}}(\{x_j, y_j: j \in J \mid j' \in J'\} \Big| d_{\pi(k)} = -1, \{d_{\pi(j)}: j \in J - \{k\}\})},$$

wherein $\vec{\theta}$ is the gain vector, $p_{\vec{\theta}}(\cdot|\cdot)$ is the conditional probability; $d_{\pi(k)}$ is the designated code symbol, x_j represents the plurality of code symbols, y_j represents the plurality of pilot symbols, and the indices J and J' are defined by:

$$J \subseteq \{j : k - \underline{M} \le j \le k + \overline{M}\}$$
 and

Attorney Docket No.: 010305

$$J'\subseteq \{j': k-\underline{N}\leq j'\leq k+\overline{N}\},\$$

where the terms \underline{M} , \overline{M} , \underline{N} , and \overline{N} are window boundary values.

- 3. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 2, wherein the window boundary values \underline{M} , \overline{M} , \underline{N} , and \overline{N} are equal.
- 4. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 2, wherein the window boundary value \underline{M} equals the window boundary value \overline{M} and the window boundary value \underline{N} equals the window boundary value \overline{N} .
- 5. (Original) The apparatus of C aim 2, wherein the plurality of code symbols x_j and the plurality of code symbols $y_{j'}$ each comprise L components.
- 6. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 5, further comprising a RAKE "finger" assigned to each of the L components.
- 7. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 5, wherein the L components represent L multipath signals received on a single antenna.
- 8. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 5, wherein the L components represent L multipath signals received on two or more antennas.
- 9. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 5, wherein the L components represent L multipath signals received from two or more transmissions.
- 10. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 5, wherein the L components represent L multipath signals received from two or more carriers.

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Attorney Docket No.: 010305

11. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein determining the gain vector relating the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols in accordance with channel characteristics comprises:

evaluating a gain vector equation defined by:

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_p^2/\sigma_t^2) \left[\sum_{j \in J - \{k\}} g(x_j, \hat{\theta}) + d_{\pi(k)} x_k \right]}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_p^2/\sigma_t^2)},$$

wherein σ_p^2/σ_i^2 is a pilot-to-traffic ratio, $g(\cdot,\cdot)$ is a predetermined function, $d_{\pi(k)}$ is the designated code symbol, x_j represents the plurality of code symbols, the index J is defined over the range $J \subseteq \{j: k-\underline{M} \le j \le k+\overline{M}\}$, M is the number of code symbols in the plurality of code symbols, and N is the number of pilot symbols in the plurality of code symbols.

12. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 11, wherein evaluating the gain vector equation is performed iteratively with an initial condition $\hat{\theta}_0 = y = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i \in I} y_i$, and with an iteration formula:

$$\hat{\theta}_{n} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2}) \left[\sum_{j \in J} \left| \{k\} g(x_{j}, \hat{\theta}_{n-1}) + d_{\pi(k)} x_{k} \right| \right]}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2})}$$

where $y_{j'}$ represents the plurality of pilot symbols and $J' \subseteq \{j': k - \underline{N} \le j' \le k + \overline{N} \}$.

13. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 11, wherein using the gain vector to determine likelihood values of the designated code symbols comprises:

defining the likelihood values of the designated code symbol as a log likelihood ratio Λ_k in accordance with the following equation:

$$\Lambda_k = f_k(\hat{\theta}_-, -1) - f_k(\hat{\theta}_+, +1),$$

wherein

$$f_{k}(\vec{\theta},d) \equiv \frac{1}{\sigma_{t}^{2}} \left\{ \frac{(M/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2}) + 1}{(2/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2})} \left\| \vec{\theta} \right\|^{2} \right\}$$

Attorney Docket No.: 010305

$$-\frac{N}{(\sigma_p^2/\sigma_i^2)} \operatorname{Re}\{\vec{\theta}^H y\} - d \operatorname{Re}\{\vec{\theta}^H x_k\} - \sum_{j \in J - \{k\}} \left| \operatorname{Re}\{\vec{\theta}^H x_j\} \right| \},$$

and σ_p^2/σ_i^2 is a pilot-to-traffic ratio.

14. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 1, wherein determining the gain vector relating the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols in accordance with channel characteristics comprises:

evaluating a gain vector equation defined by:

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_p^2 / \sigma_i^2) \sum_{j \in J} g(x_j, \hat{\theta})}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_p^2 / \sigma_i^2)}$$

wherein σ_p^2/σ_i^2 is a pilot-to-traffic ratio, $g(\cdot,\cdot)$ is a predetermined function, x_j represents the plurality of code symbols, the index J is defined by the relationship $J \subseteq \{j: k - \underline{M} \le j \le k + \overline{M}\}$, M is the number of code symbols in the plurality of code symbols, and N is the number of pilot symbols in the plurality of code symbols.

15. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 14, wherein evaluating the gain vector equation is performed iteratively with an initial condition $\hat{\theta}_0 = y = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j \in J} y_{j'}$, using an iteration formula:

$$\hat{\theta}_{n} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2}) \sum_{j \in J} g(x_{j}, \hat{\theta}_{n-1})}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2})}$$

where $y_{j'}$ represents the plurality of pilot symbols and $J' \subseteq \{j' : k - \underline{N} \le j' \le k + \overline{N}\}$.

16. (Original) The apparatus of Claim 14, wherein using the gain vector to determine likelihood values of the designated code symbols comprises:

defining the likelihood values of the designated code symbol as a log likelihood ratio Λ_k in accordance with the following equation:

$$\Lambda_k = \frac{2}{\sigma_t^2} \operatorname{Re}\{\hat{\theta}^H x_k\},\,$$

Attorney Docket No.: 010305

wherein the superscript H represents the Hermitian transpose of the gain vector.

17. (Original) An apparatus for determining a log likelihood ratio of a designated code symbol by using a plurality of code symbols and a plurality of pilot symbols transmitted over diversity channels, comprising:

a memory element; and

a processor configured to execute a set of instructions stored in the memory element, the set of instructions for:

receiving a frame of N' code symbols;

dividing the frame of code symbols into N'/K groups of code symbols, wherein the i^{th} group contains symbols with indices $iK + 1, \ldots, (i+1)K$;

setting a counter for i, ranging from 0 to (i+1)K-1N'/K-1;

setting a plurality of indices as follows:

$$J = \{iK+1-\underline{M}, \dots, (i+1)K + \overline{M}\},$$

$$J' = \{iK+1-\underline{N}, \dots, (i+1)K + \overline{N}\},$$

$$N = \underline{N} + \overline{N} + K,$$

$$M = \underline{M} + \overline{M} + K;$$

setting an initial gain vector condition defining $\hat{\theta}_0 = y = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j \in J} y_{j}$;

iterating a gain vector equation for a predetermined number of iterations, the gain vector equation defined by:

$$\hat{\theta}_{n} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2}) \sum_{j \in J} g(x_{j}, \hat{\theta}_{n-1})}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{t}^{2})},$$

wherein σ_p^2/σ_t^2 is a pilot-to-traffic ratio;

setting the last value of $\hat{\theta}_n$ as $\hat{\theta}$;

computing a value $\Lambda_k = \frac{2}{\sigma_i^2} |\text{Re}\{\hat{\theta}^H x_k\}|$ for each k = iK + 1, ..., (i+1)K; and

Attorney Docket No.: 010305

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incrementing i and repeating the above steps so that a plurality of values $\{\Lambda_1, \ldots, \Lambda_{N'}\}$ is obtained.

18. (Currently Amended) A method for determining likelihood values of input data bits from a plurality of code symbols and a plurality of pitot symbols, comprising:

determining a <u>multipath</u> gain vector relating the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols in accordance with channel characteristics, wherein the <u>multipath</u> gain vector has entries corresponding to <u>RAKE</u> receiver fingers; and

using the <u>multipath</u> gain vector to determine likelihood values of a designated code symbol, wherein the input data bits are carried by the designated code symbol.

19. (Original) A method for determining a log likelihood ratio of a designated code symbol by using a plurality of code symbols and a plurality of pilot symbols transmitted over diversity channels, comprising:

receiving a frame of N' code symbols;

dividing the frame of code symbols into N'/K groups of code symbols, wherein the i^{th} group contains symbols with indices $iK + 1, \ldots, (i+1)K$;

setting a counter for i, ranging from 0 to (i+1)K-1N'/K-1;

setting a plurality of indices as follows:

$$J = \{iK + 1 - \underline{M}, \dots, (i+1)K + \overline{M}\},$$

$$J' = \{iK + 1 - \underline{N}, \dots, (i+1)K + \overline{N}\},$$

$$N = \underline{N} + \overline{N} + K,$$

$$M = \underline{M} + \overline{M} + K,$$

setting an initial gain vector condition defining $\hat{\theta}_0 = y = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{j \in J} y_{j'}$;

iterating a gain vector equation for a predetermined number of iterations, the gain vector equation defined by:

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Attorney Docket No.: 010305

$$\hat{\theta}_{n} = \frac{y + (1/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{i}^{2}) \sum_{j \in J} g(x_{j}, \hat{\theta}_{n-1})}{1 + (M/N)(\sigma_{p}^{2}/\sigma_{i}^{2})},$$

wherein σ_p^2/σ_t^2 is a pilot-to-traffic ratio;

setting the last value of $\hat{\theta}_n$ as $\hat{\theta}$;

computing a value $\Lambda_k = \frac{2}{\sigma_i^2} \text{Re}\{\hat{\theta}^H x_k\}$ for each k=iK+1,...,(i+1)K; and

incrementing *i* and repeating the above steps so that a plurality of values $\{\Lambda_1, \ldots, \Lambda_{N'}\}$ is obtained.

20. (Currently Amended) An apparatus for determining likelihood values of input data bits from a plurality of code symbols and a plurality of pilot symbols, comprising:

means for pre-processing the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols into a slowly time varying model;

means for determining a <u>multipath</u> gain vector relating the plurality of code symbols and the plurality of pilot symbols to the slowly time varying model, the <u>multipath</u> gain vector having <u>entries for RAKE receiver fingers</u>; and

means for using the <u>multipath</u> gain vector to determine likelihood values of a designated code symbol, wherein the input data bits are carried by the designated code symbol.

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Attorney Docket No.: 010305